## II B. Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, Nov/Dec-2016 ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS

(Electronics and communication Engineering)

Tim	ne: 3	B hours Max. Max	rks: 70
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)  2. Answer ALL the questions in Part-A  3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B			
PART -A			
	a) b) c) d) e) f)	What is the need for modulation? Explain the main advantages of modulation? State the applications of different AM Systems. Write down the expressions for WBFM, NBFM and PM? Define Detection gain and write down the expression for it. List out the drawbacks of pulse amplitude modulated signal? Classify radio transmitters based on the type of modulation and Service involved.	(4M) (4M) (3M) (4M) (4M) (3M)
PART –B			
	a) b)	Draw the Envelope detector and illustrate the process of detection of AM wave? An amplitude modulated signal represented in time domain as $4\text{Cos}~(1800\pi t)~+~10\text{Cos}~(2000\pi t)~+~4\text{Cos}~(2200\pi t)$ . Sketch the spectrum and calculate the band width and total power?	(8M) (8M)
	a) b)	What is DSB-SC modulator? Explain how the ring modulator for generation of DSB-SC wave act as a demodulator? A DSB signal is to be generated with a carrier frequency of 1MHz using a nonlinear device with input and output characteristics $v_0\!\!=\!av_i+bv_i^{\;3}$ . The output of the non-linear device can be filtered by an appropriate BPF and $v_i\!\!=\!m(t)+\text{Cos}(2\pi f_1 t)$ . Find the value of $f_1$ .	(8M) (8M)
	a) ' b)	What is the difference between direct and indirect methods of FM generation? (8M) Explain the working of a balanced frequency discriminator with the help of circuit diagram. An FM signal is represented in time domain as $s(t) = 10 \cos{(2\pi.10^6 t + 5 \sin{8\pi.10^3 t})}. \text{ Calculate the frequency deviation,} \\ \text{modulation index, power and band width.}$	(8M)
5.	a) b)	What is FM threshold effect? How to achieve threshold reduction in FM system? Discuss the noise performance of AM system using envelop detection?	(8M) (8M)
6.	a) b)	Explain the methods for demodulation of PAM signals? Write the comparisons among PAM, PWM and PPM?	(8M) (8M)
7.	ŕ	With the aid of the block diagram explain TRF receiver. Also explain the basic super heterodyne principle.  List out the advantages and disadvantages of TRF receiver.  *****	(8M) (8M)