Course Structure For MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (Applicable for batches admitted from 2020-2021)



Amrita Sai Institute of Science& Technology

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi; Permanently Affiliated to JNTUK, Kakinada ISO 9001:2015 Certified Institution; Accredited by NAAC with "A" grade

Amrita Sai Nagar, Paritala, Krishna District Andhrapradesh – 521 180 www.amritasai.edu.in, 0866-2428399

IstYEAR

		I-SEMESTER					
S.No	Course Code	course	Marks	L	Т	Р	С
1	20AJMB101	Management and Organizational Behavior	100	4	0	0	4
2	20AJMB102	Managerial Economics	100	4	0	0	4
3	20AJMB103	Accounting for Managers	100	4	0	0	4
4	20AJMB104	Quantitative Analysis for Business Decisions	100	4	0	0	4
5	20AJMB105	Legal and Business Environment	100	4	0	0	4
6	20AJMB106	Business Communication and Soft skills	100	2	0	2	4
7	20AJMB107 Open Elective	Cross Cultural Management Rural Innovation projects MOOCs : SWAYAM/NPTEL- Related to Management Courses other than listed courses in the syllabus	100	4	0	0	4
8	20AJMB108	Business Communication and Soft skills Lab	50	0	0	2	2
9	20AJMB109	Information Technology – Lab1(Spreadsheet and Tally)	50	0	0	2	2
Tota	1		800	28	0	2	32

		II SEMESTER					
S.No	Course	Courses	Marks	L	Т	Р	С
	Code						
1	20AJMB201	Financial Management	100	4	0	0	4
2	20AJMB202	Human Resource Management	100	4	0	0	4
3	20AJMB203	Marketing Management	100	4	0	0	4
4	20AJMB204	Operations Management	100	4	0	0	4
5	20AJMB205	Business Research Methods 100		4	0	0	4
6	20AJMB206	Project Management Technology					
	Open	Management Lean Management	100	4	0	0	4
	Elective	Database Management System	100	7	U	0	Ŧ
7	20AJMB207	IT-lab 2(Programming R)	50	0	0	2	2
Total			650	24	0	2	26

		IIndYEAR					
		III SEMESTER					
S.No	Course Code	Courses	Marks	L	Т	Р	С
1	20AJMB301	Strategic Management	100	4	0	0	4
2	20AJMB302	Operations Research	100	4	0	0	4
3	20AJMB3E1	Elective – 1	100	4	0	0	3
4	20AJMB3E2	Elective – 2	100	4	0	0	3
5	20AJMB3E3	Elective – 3	100	4	0	0	3
6	20AJMB3E4	Elective – 4	100	4	0	0	3
7	20AJMB303	Industrial Project based on Summer Internship	100	4	0	0	4
		Total	700	28	0	0	24
		IV SEMESTER					
S.N	Course Code	Courses	Marks	L	Т	Р	С
0							
1	20AJMB401	Supply Chain Management and Analytics	100	4	0	0	4
2	20AJMB402	Innovation and Entrepreneurship	100	4	0	0	4
3	20AJMB4E1	Elective – 5	100	4	0	0	3
4	20AJMB4E2	Elective – 6	100	4	0	0	3
5	20AJMB4E3	Elective – 7	100	4	0	0	3
6	20AJMB4E4	Elective – 8	100	4	0	0	3
7	20AJMB403	Comprehensive Viva- voce	50	0	0	0	2
		Total Marks / Credits	650	28	0	0	22
			2800				104

*Comprehensive Viva is to verify the student knowledge as a whole from which he was studied during the two year course work.

III SEMESTER

Human Resource Management

S. no	Course Code	SUBJECT TITLE
1	20AJMB3H1	Leadership and Change Management
2	20AJMB3H2	Performance Evaluation and Compensation Management
3	20AJMB3H3	Human Capital Management
4	20AJMB3H4	Manpower Planning, Recruitment, and Selection

IV SEMESTER

Human Resource Management

S. no	Course Code	SUBJECT TITLE
5	20AJMB4H1	Labor Welfare and employment laws
6	20AJMB4H2	International HRM
7	20AJMB4H3	Employee Relations and Engagement
8	20AJMB4H4	Human Resources Development

III SEMESTER FINANCE

S. no	Course Code	SUBJECT TITLE
1	20AJMB3F1	Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management
2	20AJMB3F2	Managing Banks and Financial Institutions
3	20AJMB3F3	Financial Markets and Services
4	20AJMB3F4	Taxation

IV SEMESTER FINANCE

S. no	Course Code	SUBJECT TITLE
5	20AJMB4F1	Financial Derivatives
6	20AJMB4F2	Global Financial Management
7	20AJMB4F3	Financial Risk Management
8	20AJMB4F4	Strategic Financial Management

III SEMESTER MARKETING

S. no	Course Code	SUBJECT TITLE
1	20AJMB3M1	Consumer Behavior
2	20AJMB3M2	Retail Management
3	20AJMB3M3	Customer Relationship Management
4	20AJMB3M4	Strategic Marketing Management

IV SEMESTER MARKETING

S. no	Course Code	SUBJECT TITLE
5	20AJMB4M1	Services Marketing
6	20AJMB4M2	Promotional and Distribution Management
7	20AJMB4M3	Green Marketing
8	20AJMB4M4	Advertising and Brand Management

III SEMESTER SYSTEMS

S. no	Course Code	SUBJECT TITLE
1	20AJMB3S1	Data Mining for Business Decisions
2	20AJMB3S2	Managing Software Projects
3	20AJMB3S3	Web Designing
4	20AJMB3S4	Business Analytics

IV SEMESTER SYSTEMS

S. no	Course	SUBJECT TITLE
	Code	
5	20AJMB4S1	Big Data Analytics
6	20AJMB4S2	Enterprise Resource Planning
7	20AJMB4S3	Cyber Laws & Security
8	20AJMB4S4	Information Systems Audit

I YEAR I SEMESTER						
20AJMB101	AJMB101 Management and Organizational Behavior 100 4 0 0 4 ourse Educational Objectives (CEOs): bjective of the course is bjective of the c					
Objective of the CEO 1 :To give CEO 2 :To forr CEO 3 :To prov	course is a basic perspective of Management. n foundation to study other functional areas of mana vide the students with the conceptual framework and	0	underlyin	g		
Course outcom	es (COs):					
Students will be	able to understand					
CO 1: Evolution	n of Management and contribution of Management t	hinkers				
CO 2: The relev	vance of environmental scanning, planning and to ta	ke decisions,	,			
CO 3: Organizi	ng and controlling					
CO 4: Individua	al and group Behavior					
CO 5: Leadersh	ip and Motivation.					
Scientific manag of Management Types of Plans - Processes of De Unit-II Organizing – Pr of Authority and conflicts - Coor Informal Organi effective contro	are, Functions and Importance of Management – Ev gement, administrative management, Haw throne ex - Managerial Skills - Planning – Steps in Planning - Characteristics of a sound Plan - Management By cision Making - Social Responsibilities of Business inciples of organizing – Organization Structure and l factors affecting delegation – Span of control – De dination definition and principles - Emerging Trend zation- Nature and importance of Controlling, proc l and controlling techniques.	periments – Process – imp Objectives (N Design – Ty ecentralizatio s in Corporat	systems ap portance a MBO) - Te pes of pow n – Line a te Structur	oproac nd Lin chniqu ver - E nd sta: e – Fo	h - Le nitatio les and Delegat ff strue rmal a	ns d tion ctu
organizational g Learning Proces	behavior: Nature and scope – Linkages with other se oals – perspectives of human behavior - Perception as- Theories - Personality and Individual Difference as and Beliefs - Creativity and Creative thinking.	– perceptual	process –	Learni	ng -	ł

Motivation and Job Performance – Content and process Theories of Motivation - Leadership - Styles -Approaches – Challenges of leaders in globalized era – Groups – stages formation of groups – Group Dynamics - Collaborative Processes in Work Groups - Johari Window-Transactional Analysis. **Unit – V:**

Organizational conflict-causes and consequences-conflict and Negotiation Team Building, Conflict Resolution in Groups and problem solving Techniques – Organizational change - change process resistance to change - Creating an Ethical Organization.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

1. Harold Koontz, Heinz Weihrich, A.R. Aryasri, Principles of Management, TMH, 2010.

2. Dilip Kumar Battacharya, Principles of Management, Pearson, 2012.

3. Kumar, Rao, Chhaalill ``Introduction to Management Science'' Cengage Publications, New Delhi

4.V.S.P.Rao, Management Text and Cases, Excel, Second Edition, 2012.

5.K.Anbuvelan, Principles of Management, University Science Press, 2013.

6.K.Aswathappa "OrganisationalBehaviour-Text, CasesandGames", Himalaya Publishing House, NewDelhi,2008.

7.Steven L Mc Shane, Mary Ann Von Glinow, Radha RSharma: "OrganisationalBehaviour", TMH Education,NewDelhi,2008

20AJMB102	Managerial Economics	100	4	0	0	4
Course Educational O	hightives (CEOs):					
This subject seek	Djecuves (CLOS).					
-	dents with the analytical tools of Economics	2				
1 1	to rational managerial decision-making.	3				
	p economic way of thinking in dealing with	n practical business	problem	ns and	challe	nge.
	p containe way of annung in dealing what	i praetical s'asiliess	problem	is und	enune	
Course outcomes:						
Upon successful compl	etion of this course students will be able	e to:				
	roles of managers in firms					
	internal and external decisions to be made					
	nand and supply conditions and assess t ion strategies, including costing, pricing				narket	
	to the natures of products and the struct			und n	nunce	
CO 5: Analyze real-wo	orld business problems with a systematic	theoretical frame	ework.			
UNIT-I:			. 1			
	al Economics: Nature and Scope-Fundament					

Demand Analysis and Forecasting: Concepts of Demand, Supply, Determinants of Demand and Supply, Elasticities of Demand and Supply- Methods of demand forecasting for established and new products.

UNIT-III:

Cost and Production Analysis: Cost: Concept and types, Cost-Output Relationships, Cost Estimation, Reduction and Control- Economies and Diseconomies of Scale- Law of Variable Proportions- Returns to Scale- Isoquants-Cobb-Douglas and CES Productionfunctions.

UNIT-IV:

Theory of Pricing: Price determination under Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Oligopoly and Monopolistic Competitions- Methods of Pricing- Game Theory basics- Dominant Strategy-Nash Equilibrium and Prisoner's Dilemma.

UNIT-V:

Macro Economics and Business: Concept, Nature and Measurement of National Income- Inflation and Deflation: Inflation - Meaning and Kinds, Types, Causes and measurement of inflation Measures to Control Inflation, Deflation- - Philips curve- Stagflation-Theory of Employment- Business cycles: Policies to counter BusinessCycles.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

- 1. D.M.Mithani, Managerial Economics, Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 2. H.Craig Peterson, W.CrisLewis, Managerial Economics, Pearson, 2005.
- 3. Gupta G.S., Managerial Economics, TMH, 1988.
- 4. P.L. Mehta, Managerial Economics, PHI,2001.
- 5. K .KDawett, Modern Economic Theory, Sultan Chand &Sons.
- 6. D.N. Dwivedi, Managerial Economics, 7th Ed, VikasPublishing.
- 7. Rangarajan and Dholkia, Macroeconomics, TMH.

20AJMB103	Accounting for Managers	100	4	0	0	4
ourse Educational	Objectives (CEOs):					
he objective of this c						
	e students regarding various accounting co ame concepts in managerial decision making	A				
Course Outcomes:						
	pletion of this course students will be a	ble to:				
	accounting process in business.		•			
U	vledge on application of concepts and p tactical decisions of middle level man		1 0		agement	
accounting.		ugers returning			agement	
CO 4: To analyze the	financial statements and evaluate the c	lecisions for b	etter inv	estment.		
Unit – I:						
Financial Accounting	- concept, Importance and scope, accou	inting principl	es, accoi	unting cy	ycle, jou	rnal
edger, trial balance, I	Preparation of final accounts with adjus	tments.				
Unit – II:						
A 1 * 1 * /	ation of financial statements measuring					

Analysis and interpretation of financial statements – meaning, importance and techniques, ratio analysis, Fund flow analysis, cash flow analysis.

Unit – III:

Cost accounting-meaning, importance, methods, techniques; classification of costs and cost sheet; Inventory valuation methods- LIFO, FIFO, HIFO and weighted average method, an elementary knowledge of activity based costing.

Unit – IV:

Management accounting – concept, need, importance and scope; budgetary control-meaning, need, objectives, essentials of budgeting, different types of budgets and their preparation.

Unit-V:

Standard costing and variance analysis (materials, labour)-Marginal costing and its application in managerial decision making, Break Even Analysis.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any

unit. References:

1. MAHESWARI AND MAHESWARI" Financial Accounting", Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 2013. 2. Pandey, I.M. Management Accounting, Vikas Publishing House, NewDelhi.

3. Horngen, Sundem& Stratton, Introduction to Management Accounting, Pearson Education, NewDelhi.

4. Hansen & Mowen, Cost Management, ThomsonLearning.

5. Mittal, S.N. Management Accounting and Financial management, Shree Mahavir Book Depot, New Delhi.

6. Jain S.P. and Narang K.L. Advanced Cost Accounting, Kalyani PublishersLudhiana.

7. Khan M.Y. and Jain, P.K. Management Accounting, TMH, N.Delhi.

20AJMB104	Quantitative Analysis for Business Decisions	100	4	0	0	4

Students would be able

CEO 1 :To acquire an understanding of descriptive statistical tools like measures of central tendency & measures of variation

CEO 2: To apply these tools to real life situations.

Course outcomes:

On successful completion of this course students will be able to:

CO 1 :Explain and discuss the researcher's work (model)

CO 2 :Elucidate basic statistical concepts and tests used in educational research

CO 3 : Use statistics programs

CO 4 :Demonstrate their competence and confidence in using descriptive statistics

CO 5 :Understand and master the handling of data and employ proper analyses

Unit I

Basic Mathematical & Statistical Techniques: Linear, Quadratic, Logarithmic and Exponential Functions-Permutations and Combinations – Matrices - Elementary operations of matrices.

Unit II

Measures of Central Tendency – Measures of Dispersion –Simple Correlation and Regression Analysis Concept of Probability- Probability Rules – Joint and Marginal Probability – Baye's Theorem- Probability Distributions- Binomial, Poisson, Normal and Exponential ProbabilityDistributions.

UNIT III

Introduction to Decision Theory: Steps involved in Decision Making, different environments in which decisions are made, Criteria for Decision Making, Decision making under uncertainty, Decision making under conditions of Risk-Utility as a decision criterion, Decision trees, Graphic displays of the decision making process, Decision making with an activeopponent.

Unit-IV

Sampling and Sampling Distributions – Estimation – Point and Interval Estimates of Averages and proportions of small and Large Samples –Concepts of Testing Hypothesis –One Sample Test for Testing Mean and Proportion of Large and Small Samples.

Unit-V

Tests Two Samples – Tests of Difference between Mean and Proportions of Small and Large Samples – Chi- square Test of Independence and Goodness of Fitness- Analysis of Variance.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any

unit.

1. N.D.Vohra:"QuantitativeTechniquesinManagement",Tata-McGrawHillPrivateLimited,NewDelhi, 2011.

2. Gupta S.P: "Statistical Methods", S. Chand and Sons, NewDelhi.

3. AnandSharma: "QuantitativeTechniquesforBusinessdecisionMaking",HimalayaPublishers,New Delhi,2012.

- 4. D P Apte: "Operation Research and Quantitative Techniques", Excel Publication, New Delhi, 2013.
- 5. Hamdy, A.Taha: "Operations Research: An Introduction", Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi2003.
- 6. Anderson: "Quantitative Methods for Business", Cengage Learning, NewDelhi2013.
- 7. Sancheti, Dc&VKKapoor, "BusinessMathematics", SChandandSons, NewDelhi.

20AJMB105	Legal and Business Environment	100	4	0	0	4

CEO 1: To acquaint students with the issues of Indian business environment in which business has to operate

CEO 2: To relate the impact of environment on business in an integrated manner.

CEO 3:To give an exposure to important commercial and industrial laws.

Course Outcome:

Students will be able to understand

CO 1: Business Laws related to incorporating acompany

CO 2: Importance of Ethics in Business

CO 3 :Practical aspects involved relating to Business Law

UNIT-I

Introduction: Concept of Business Environment-Definition-Characteristics-Environmental factors, Importance at national and international level – problems and challenges – Environmental Scanning: Importance, Process of scanning- NITI Aayog: It's Role in Economic Development of India- Technological Environment: Features, Its impact on Business, Restraints on TechnologicalGrowth.

UNIT-II

Economic and Political Environment: Concept-Definition of Economic Environment-Economic Systems-Relative merits and demerits of each systems-Economic Policies-Monetary-Fiscal- Industrial policies since independence and their significance – regulatory and promotional framework . Structure of Indian Economy- Nature and significance. Economic Planning- Objectives, Merits, Limitations- Concept and Meaning of PoliticalEnvironment.

UNIT-III

Legal Environment: - Business Law: Meaning, scope and need for Business Law- Source of Business Law-Indian Contract Act 1872: Its Essentials, Breach of Contract and remedies. Intellectual Property Rights. Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

UNIT-IV

Company Act 2013: Memorandum and alteration of Articles of Association-Partnership Act 1932: Duties of Partners- Dissolution of Partnership-Information Technology Act 2000: Digital signature-Cyber Frauds.

UNIT-V

Miscellaneous Acts: Sales of Goods Act 1930-Sale- agreement to Sale – Implied Conditions and Warranties- Consumer Protection Act 1986- Competition Act- Environment (Protection) Act 1986- Foreign Exchange Management Act (FEMA).

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

References: 1. Francis Cherunillam, Business Environment, Himalaya Publishers.

- 2. K.Aswathappa, Essentials of Business Environment, HimalayaPublishers.
- 3. P.K.Dhar, Indian Economy Growing Dimensions, Kalyani Publishers4.
- 4. N.D.Kapoor, Mercantile Law, Sultan ChandPublishers.
- 5. Chaula and Garg, Mercantile Law, KalyaniPublishers

Upon completion of the course the student is able to CO 1: Understand communication process CO 2: Analyze synthesis and apply conceptual frameworks to business issues	20AJMB106	Business Communication and Soft skills	100	2	0	2	4
Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course the student is able to CO 1: Understand communication process CO 2: Analyze synthesis and apply conceptual frameworks to business issues	CEO 1 :To acqu CEO 2 :To help t	aint the students with fundamentals of communi hem honing oral, written and non-verbal commu		kills			
Course Outcome: Upon completion of the course the student is able to CO 1: Understand communication process CO 2: Analyze synthesis and apply conceptual frameworks to business issues CO 3: Knowledge about Cross cultural communication.	CEO 3: 10 trais	form them as effective communicators.					
CO 2: Analyze synthesis and apply conceptual frameworks to business issues							
		1	isiness issi	les			
CO 4: They can apply in real business							

Unit – I

Purpose and process of communication: Objectives of Communication-Process of Communication-Types of communication; noise, listening skills, Types of listening, essentials of good listening and tips. **LAB: LISTENING AND SPEAKING SKILLS-** Conversational skills (formal and informal) – group discussion. Listening to lectures, discussions, talk shows, news programmes, dialogues from TV/radio/Ted talk/Podcast – watching videos on interesting events on YouTube.(Presenting before the class).

Unit – II

Managing Organizational Communication: Formal and Informal Communication- Interpersonal and Intrapersonal communication- Role of Emotion in Interpersonal Communication- Barriers to Interpersonal Communication- Exchange Theory-Gateways for Effective Interpersonal Communication.

LAB:

Choosing the organization – goal setting - time management — leadership traits – team work – communicating across teams- designing career and life planning.

Unit – III

Non verbal communication and Body Language: Kinesics, Proxemics, Paralanguage, Haptics, handshakes, appropriate body language and mannerisms for interviews: business etiquettes- across different cultures.

LAB: Understanding Body Language Aspects and presenting oneself to an interviewer, Proper handshakes.

Unit – IV

Written communication: mechanics of writing, report writing- business correspondence-business letter format- Meetings and managing meetings- Resume writing-Formats andSkills.

LAB: Writing job applications – cover letter – resume – emails – letters – memos – reports – blogs – writing forpublications.

Unit- V

Presentation skills: prerequisites of effective presentation, format of presentation; Assertiveness – strategies of assertive behavior; Communication skills for group discussion and interviews, Interview Techniques.

LAB: Designing presentations and enhancing presentation skills.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

- 1. Mallika Nawal: "Business Communication", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. EdwinA.Gerloff, JerryC.Wofford,Robert Cummins Organisational Communication:The keystone to managerial effectiveness.
- 3. Meenakshi Rama: "*Business Communication*", Oxford UniversityPress,NewDelhi C.S.G.KrishnamacharyuluandDr.LalithaRamakrishnan,BusinessCommunication, Himalaya Publishing House,Mumbai
- 4. Paul Turner: "Organisational Communication", JAICO Publishing House, NewDelhi.
- 5. SathyaSwaroopDebasish,BhagabanDas""*BusinessCommunication*",PHIPrivateLimited, New Delhi, 2009
- 6. R.K.Madhukar: "Business Communication", Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 2012.
- 7. Kelly M Quintanilla, Shawn T.Wahl: "Business and Professional Communication", SAGE,NewDelhi,2012.
- 8. Sangita Mehta, NeetyKaushish: "Business Communication", University Science Press, New Delhi,2010.
- 9 Anjali Ghanekar: "Business Communication Skills", Everest Publishing House, NewDelhi,2011

The objective of this course is

- **CEO 1 :** To enhance the ability of class members to interact effectively with people from cultures other than their own, in the context of international business.
- **CEO 2 :** To significantly improve the ability of practicing managers to be effective global managers

Course Outcomes :

On successful completion of the course students will be able to:

CO 1:Demonstrate an integrative understanding of the ethical and social issues in cross-cultural management and negotiation.

CO 2:Identify the key issues raised by international business cases in cross-cultural management.

Unit – I

Introduction – Concept of Culture for a Business Context; Brief wrap up of organizational culture & its dimensions; Cultural Background of business stakeholders [managers, employees, shareholders, suppliers, customers and others] – An Analytical framework.

Unit – II

Culture and Global Management – Global Business Scenario and Role of Culture. Framework for Analysis; Elements & Processes of Communication across Cultures; Communication Strategy for/ of an Indian MNC and Foreign MNC & High-Performance Winning Teams and Cultures; Culture Implications for Team Building.

Unit – III

Cross Culture – Negotiation & Decision Making – Process of Negotiation and Needed Skills & Knowledge Base – Overview with two illustrations from multicultural contexts [India – Europe/ India – US settings, for instance]; International and Global Business Operations- Strategy Formulation & Implementation; Aligning Strategy, Structure & Culture in an organizational Context.

Unit – IV

Global Human Resources Management – Staffing and Training for Global Operations – Expatriate – Developing a Global Management Cadre.. Motivating and Leading; Developing the values and behaviours necessary to build high-performance organization personnel [individuals and teams included] – Retention strategies.

Unit – V

Corporate Culture – The Nature of Organizational Cultures Diagnosing the As is Condition; Designing the Strategy for a Culture Change Building; Successful Implementation of Culture Change Phase; Measurement of ongoing Improvement.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

- 1. Cashby Franklin, Revitalize your corporate culture: PHI,Delhi
- 2. Deresky Helen, International Management: Managing Across Borders and Cultures, PHI, Delhi
- 3. EsennDrlarry, Rchildress John, The Secret of a Winning Culture: PHI,Delhi

20AJMB107	Rural Innovation projects	100	4	0	0	4
Open Elective						

To make the students understand various natural resources and their importance in rural development.

Course Outcomes :

Students will be able to understand :

CO 1: The Structure of Indian Constitution

CO 2 :Social Innovation in Rural Areas

Unit-I

Definition and meaning of Resources, Types of Rural Resources, Natural and Man-made, Characteristicsof Resources, Importance of different resources in Rural Development. Rural Governance and Administration in India- Pre & Post independence- Elements of Indian constitution Constitutional amendment to Panchayati Raj system- Development (Department) Administration in Rural India.

Unit-II

Land Resources development experience: Classification of land based on utility, Soils – Structure and importance, Properties of Soil- Physical and Chemical, Soil Conservation- methods and importance. Status of Rural Development in the SAARC countries.

Unit-III

Human Resources Dimensions of Rural Development-Quantitative aspects of rural human resource (Gender & Age wide classification, Density, Issue in rural human resources- Scarcity, lack of skill, attitude, and social status). Food security and public distribution system-Rural Financial Sector –Sources of Rural Credit: Institutional and Non Institutional - Service Delivery System in Rural areas, Rural Infrastructural Sector and Millennium Development Goals Housing in Rural Areas.

Unit-IV

Approaches of Rural Development in India- institutional, technological, area and target group, participatory, individualistic. Rural Development Policies during different plan periods. Strategies of Rural Development – growth oriented strategy, Welfare strategy, Responsive strategy, Holistic strategy, right-based strategy. PURA Model.

Unit-V

Review of Rural Development Programmes in the area of agricultural sector – crop, non- crop, livestock, fishery, forestry. Review of Rural Development Programmes in area of Social Sectors – Health, Sanitation and Education. Project Planning and Management.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

References:

- 1. Rural Development: Principles, Policies and Management, Katar Singh, Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd.,2009.
- 2. Soil & Water Conservation & Watershed Management Hardcover 2012, Singh PKMahnot

20AJMB107 Open Elective	MOOCs : SWAYAM/NPTEL- Related to Management Courses other than listed courses in the syllabus	100	4	0	0
-------------------------------	---	-----	---	---	---

NOTE: Students opting for SWAYAM should register for 12 weeks course and need to produce the Pass certificate with minimum 40% (Percentage) for receiving the Academic Credits. The actual percentage mentioned on the certificate will be transferred to the marks memo.

20AJMB108	Business Communication and Soft skills Lab	50	0	0	2	2
	Skiis Lab					

To understand the importance of oral and written communication and its applications in Business

Course Outcomes :

Students will be able to understand

CO 1: The importance of Communication in Business

CO2: To develop writing skills and presentation

CO 3: Writing business proposals and letters

CO 4: Application of business communication in the self-development process.

(LAB):

EvaluationProcess:

i) For practical (LAB) subject the distribution shall be **20 marks** for internal evaluation and **30 marks** for the semester end examinations. There shall be continuous evaluation by the internal subject teacher during the semester for **20** internal marks. Out of the **20 marks internal**, **10** marks shall be for day-to-day performance(**5marksforday-to-dayevaluationand5marksforRecord**)and**10 marks**shallbeevaluatedbyconductinganinternaltesttowardstheendofsemester.

ii) SemesterEndexaminationshallbeconductedbytheteacherconcernedandexternal examiner for 30 marks. Three QUESTIONS will be given in the external examination from the activities listed in each unit. Each question carries 10 marks. Duration of the examination is 90minutes.

Unit: 1

Listening and speaking skills- Conversational skills (formal and informal) – group discussion. Listening to lectures, discussions, talk shows, news programmes, dialogues from TV/radio/Ted talk/Podcast – watching videos on interesting events on YouTube. (Presenting before the class).

Activities for Unit-1:

- 1. Dos and Don'ts of Group Discussions.
- 2. Tell me about yourself.
- 3. Self SWOT Analysis
- 4. Analysis of Academic Video clip uploaded on the system for thestudent.
- 5. News Presentation- Currentaffairs.

Unit – II

Organizational Communication:

Choosing the organization – goal setting - Time management — leadership traits – Team work – communicating across teams- designing career and life planning.

Activities for Unit-II:

- 1. Individual goal setting process / SMARTgoals.
- 2. Designing a team activity to be conducted in the class.
- 3. Preparing a schedule plan for conducting an event (with proper timemanagement).
- 4. Designing a self career plan.
- 5. Prepare a time management chart for your daily schedule.(Prioritization)

Unit – III

Non verbal communication and Body Language:

Understanding Body Language Aspects and presenting oneself to an interviewer, Proper handshakes.

Activities for Unit-III:

- 1) Maintaining the body language for interviews.
- 2) Presenting oneself to an interviewer.
- 3) Importance of kinesics in an interview.
- 4) Role plays on cross cultural communication.

Unit – IV

Written communication:

Writing job applications – cover letter – resume – emails – letters – memos – reports – blogs – writing for publications.

Activities for Unit-IV:

1) Preparation of effective Resume.

2) Write dialogues for the following situation: Mr. A calls a Hotel in Shimla to make a reservation for four people.

3) Write dialogues for the following situation: Mr.K gives direction to his friend how to reach the JNTUK University.

4) Write a covering letter for job application in TCS.

5) Write at least 5 E-mail etiquette.

Unit- V **Presentation skills:**

Designing presentations and enhancing presentation skills.

Activities for Unit-V:

1) Prepare a PowerPoint presentation on presentation skills.

- 2) How to make an effective presentation.
- 3) Prepare and present a PPT on any topic given by the examiner.

- 1. MallikaNawal:-BusinessCommunication, CengageLearning, NewDelhi, 2012.
- 2. Edwin A. Gerloff, Jerry C. Wofford, Robert Cummins Organisational Communication: The key stone to managerial effectiveness.

3. MeenakshiRama: - Business Communication ||, OxfordUniversit yPress, NewDelhi

4.C.S.G. Krishnamacharyulu and Dr. Lalitha Ramakrishnan, Business Communication, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai

5.PauITurner:-OrganisationalCommunication ||, JAICOPublishingHouse, NewDelhi.

6.SathyaSwaroopDebasish, Bhagaban Dasl -Business Communication ||,

PHIPrivateLimited,NewDelhi, 2009.

7.R.K.Madhukar:-BusinessCommunication I, VikasPublishingHouse, NewDelhi, 2012.

8.Kelly MQuintanilla, Shawn T.Wahl:-BusinessandProfessional Communication ||, SAGE, New Delhi, 2012.

9. Sangita Mehta, NeetyKaushish: -Business Communication II, University Science Press, NewDelhi, 2010.

10. Anjali Ghanekar: -Business Communication Skills II, Everest Publishing House, NewDelhi,2011

20AJMB109 Information Technology – Lab1 (Spread and Tally)	adsheet 50	0 0	0 2	2
--	------------	-----	-----	---

To let students Understand the basics of the Computers Knowledge with Financial Software

Course Outcomes:

CO 1: It is expected the students are able to design professional presentations.

CO 2: It is expected the students are able to work in research side.

CO 3 : It is expected that the students are able to work in excel.

Knowledge

UNIT- I

Understanding Formulas: Creating Formulas - AutoSum - Common Formulas – Searching for Formulas Copying Formulas - Using Relative and Absolute References. Date Formulas: Text Formulas - Case Formulas - Fix Number Fields -Trim Spaces -Substitute Text. Conditional Logic: IF Statement - Nested IF - AND - OR - NOT -IFERROR -SUMIF -AVERAGEIF -COUNTIF & COUNTIFS -SUMIFS – AVERAGEIFS.

Business Statistics: Mean-Median-Mode-Variance-Correlation-Regression-ANOVA.

Data Validation and Analysis: Data Validation - Drop-Down Lists - Removing Duplicates -Text To Columns Cell Names - Named Ranges - Formulas with Cell Names. PivotTables: Creating PivotTables – Choosing Fields - PivotTable Layout -Filtering PivotTables -Modifying PivotTable Data –Pivot Charts. Lookups: VLOOKUP -VLOOKUP Exact Match - HLOOKUP -HLOOKUP Exact Match. Outline, Sort, Filter, and Subtotal –Group and Ungroup -Sort Data - Sort Multiple Levels -Filter Data – Advanced Filter – Conditional Sorting and Filtering -Sorting with Custom Lists.

UNIT - II

Introduction to Macro: Recording a Macro-Assign a Macro to a Button or Shape -Run a Macro upon Opening a Workbook- How to Inspect and Modify a Macro

UNIT- III

Basic of Accounting: Type of Accounts, Rules of Accounting, Principles of concepts and conventions, double entry system, book keeping Mode of Accounting, Financial Statements, Transaction, Recording Transactions. Getting the functional with Tally, Creation and setting up of company in Tally.

UNIT- IV

Accounting Masters in Tally- Features- Configurations- Setting up Account Heads.

UNIT- V

 $\label{eq:linear} Inventory \ in \ Tally-\ Stock-groups-Stock\ Categories-Godowns\,/\ Location\ Units\ of\ Measure\ -\ Stock\ Items\ -$

Creating Inventor y Masters for National Traders

20AJMB201	Financial Management	100	4	0	0	4
Course Educati	onal Objectives (CEOs):					
	esigned for the students					
CEO 1 : To und	erstand the Financial Management co	ncepts				
CEO 2 : To iden	tify, enrich and fulfill the needs of Fir	ancial Markets.				
Course outcome		11 ha abla tar				
Jpon succession	completion of this course students with	ii be able to:				
	the financing process of the entrepren					
	financial analysis and plan as applied	to startups and for	ecast fre	e cash flo	OW.	
	• 1 1 1 1 1 • .1 . 1		1 /			
	risk and return and explain the trade-					
CO 4: Estimate	project cash flows to distinguish betw					
CO 4: Estimate destroying investion	project cash flows to distinguish betw	een value-creating	g and val	ue		
CO 4: Estimate destroying inves CO 5 : Estimate capital spending.	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including	een value-creating	g and val	ue ital, and		
CO 4: Estimate destroying inves CO 5 : Estimate capital spending. CO 6: Estimate	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including the required return on projects of diffe	een value-creating	g and val	ue ital, and	ed return	in
CO 4: Estimate destroying inves CO 5 : Estimate capital spending CO 6: Estimate evaluating invest	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including the required return on projects of diffe	een value-creating	g and val	ue ital, and	ed return	in
CO 4: Estimate destroying inves CO 5 : Estimate capital spending. CO 6: Estimate evaluating invest UNIT- I	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including the required return on projects of diffe	een value-creating operating, net wor ering risk and how	g and val king capi to use th	ue ital, and ne require		
CO 4: Estimate destroying invest CO 5 : Estimate capital spending. CO 6: Estimate evaluating invest UNIT- I Financial Mana in the contempor	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including of the required return on projects of diffe tment decisions. (gement: Concept - Nature and Scope cary scenario – Goals and objectives of	een value-creating operating, net wor ering risk and how - Evolution of fin f financial Manag	g and val king cap to use th ancial M ement - 1	ue ital, and ne require fanageme Firm's m	nt - The ission an	new ro d
CO 4: Estimate destroying invest CO 5 : Estimate capital spending. CO 6: Estimate evaluating invest UNIT- I Financial Mana in the contempono objectives - Prof	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including the required return on projects of diffe tment decisions. (gement: Concept - Nature and Scope rary scenario – Goals and objectives of it maximization Vs. Wealth maximization	een value-creating operating, net wor ering risk and how - Evolution of fin f financial Manag	g and val king cap to use th ancial M ement - 1	ue ital, and ne require fanageme Firm's m	nt - The ission an	new rol d
CO 4: Estimate destroying invest CO 5 : Estimate capital spending. CO 6: Estimate evaluating invest UNIT- I Financial Mana in the contempon objectives - Prof of financialmana	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including the required return on projects of diffe tment decisions. (gement: Concept - Nature and Scope rary scenario – Goals and objectives of it maximization Vs. Wealth maximization	een value-creating operating, net wor ering risk and how - Evolution of fin f financial Manag	g and val king cap to use th ancial M ement - 1	ue ital, and ne require fanageme Firm's m	nt - The ission an	new ro d
CO 4: Estimate destroying invest CO 5 : Estimate capital spending. CO 6: Estimate evaluating invest UNIT- I Financial Mana n the contempon objectives - Prof of financialmana	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including the required return on projects of diffe tment decisions. agement : Concept - Nature and Scope rary scenario – Goals and objectives of it maximization Vs. Wealth maximiza- ager.	een value-creating operating, net wor ering risk and how - Evolution of fin f financial Manag ation – Maximizat	g and val king capi to use th ancial M ement - 1 ion Vs Sa	ue ital, and ne require anageme Firm's m atisfying	nt - The ission an - Major	new ro d decision
CO 4: Estimate destroying invest CO 5 : Estimate capital spending. CO 6: Estimate evaluating invest UNIT- I Financial Mana n the contempon objectives - Prof of financialmana UNIT-II Financing Decis	project cash flows to distinguish betw tments. cash flows from a project, including the required return on projects of diffe tment decisions. (gement: Concept - Nature and Scope rary scenario – Goals and objectives of it maximization Vs. Wealth maximization	een value-creating operating, net wor ering risk and how - Evolution of fin f financial Manag ation – Maximizat	g and val king cap to use th ancial M ement - 1 ion Vs Sa of levera	ue ital, and ne require anageme Firm's m atisfying ge – EBI	nt - The ission an - Major	new rol d decisior

UNIT-IV

Dividend Decision: Meaning and Significance – Major forms of dividends – Theories of Dividends – Determinants of Dividend – Dividends Policy and Dividend valuation – Bonus Shares –Stock Splits – Dividend policies of Indian Corporate.

UNIT-V

Liquidity Decision: Meaning - Classification and Significance of Working Capital – Components of Working Capital – Factors determining the Working Capital – Estimating Working Capital requirement – Cash Management Models – Accounts Receivables –Credit Policies – InventoryManagement.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsoryfromanyunit.

Appraisal – Discounting and Non Discounting Methods.

References:	
1.	I.M. Pande yFinancial Management", Vikas Publishers, New Delhi, 2013.
2.	Khan and Jain: Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi,
3.	PrasannaChandra:-FinancialM anagementTheoryandPractice , Tata McGrawHill2011.
4.	P. VijayaKumar, M. MadanaMohan, G. SyamalaRao:-Financial Management",
	Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi, 2013
5.	Brigham, E.F:-FinancialManagementTheoryandPracticell, CengaeLearning, New Delhi, 2013
6.	RM Srivastava, Financial Management, Himalaya Publishing house, 4 th edition.

20AJMB202 Human Resource Management	100	4	0	0	4	1
-------------------------------------	-----	---	---	---	---	---

CEO 1 :To equip the students with basic concepts of Human Resource Management **CEO 2** :To equip the students with various functions of HRM including Industrial Relations in the liberalized, socialism environment.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Students who undertake this programme will:

CO 1 :Demonstrate an understanding of key terms, theories/concepts and practices within the field of HRM.

CO 2 :Demonstrate competence in development and problem-solving in the area of HR Management.

CO 3 :Provide innovative solutions to problems in the fields of HRM;

CO 4 : Be able to identify and appreciate the significance of the ethical issues in HR.

UNIT -I

HRM: Significance - Definition and Functions – evolution of HRM- Principles - Ethical Aspects of HRM-- HR policies, Strategies to increase firm performance - Role and position of HR department –aligning HR strategy with organizational strategy - HRM – changing , global perspective challenges, environment – cross- cultural problems – emerging trends in HRM.

UNIT -II

Investment perspectives of HRM: HR Planning – Demand and Supply forecasting - Recruitment and Selection- Sources of recruitment - Tests and Interview Techniques - Training and Development – Methods and techniques– Job design , evaluation and Analysis - Management development - HRD concepts.

UNIT -III

Performance Appraisal: Importance – Methods – Traditional and Modern methods – Latest trends in performance appraisal - Career Development and Counseling- Compensation - Concepts and Principles-Influencing Factors- Current Trends in Compensation- Methods of Payments in detail - Incentives rewards compensation mechanisms.

UNIT -IV

Wage and Salary Administration: Concept- Wage Structure- Wage and Salary Policies- Legal Frame Work- Determinants of Payment of Wages- Wage Differentials - Incentive Payment Systems. Welfare management: Nature and concepts – statutory and non- statutory welfare measures.

UNIT-V

Managing Industrial Relations: Trade Unions - Employee Participation Schemes- Collective Bargaining– Grievances and disputes resolution mechanisms – Safety at work

nature and importance – work hazards – safety mechanisms - Managing work placestress. Relevant cases
 have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case iscompulsory from any unit.

5.

1. KAswathappa:—HumanResourceandPersonnelManagement|,TataMcGrawHill,New Delhi,2013.

2. N.SambasivaRaoandDr.NirmalKumar:—HumanResourceManagementandIndustrial Relations^{||}, Himalaya Publishing House,Mumbai.

3. Mathis, Jackson, Tripathy:—Human Resource Management: Asouth-AsinPerspective engage Learning, New Delhi, 2013.

4. SubbaRaoP:—PersonnelandHumanResourceManagement-TextandCases||, Himalaya Publications, Mumbai,2013.

MadhurimaLall,SakinaQasimZasidi:—HumanResourceManagementI,ExcelBooks

20AJMB203	Marketing Management	100	4	0	0	4
Comment Education of Oblications (CEOs)						

The Course is designed for the students

CEO 1 : To understand the Marketing concepts and to identify, enrich

CEO 2: To fulfill the needs of customers and markets.

Course Outcomes:

CO 1 :Identify core concepts of marketing and the role of marketing in business and society.

CO 2 : Knowledge of social, legal, ethical and technological forces on marketing decision-making. **CO 3:** Appreciation for the global nature of marketing and appropriate measures to operate effectively in

international settings.

CO 4 : Ability to develop marketing strategies based on product, price, place and promotion objectives. **CO 5 :** Ability to create an integrated marketing communications plan which includes promotional strategies and measures of effectiveness.

UNIT -I

Introduction to Marketing: Needs - Wants – Demands - Products - Exchange - Transactions - Concept of Market and Marketing and Marketing Mix - Production Concept - Product Concept - Sales and Marketing Concept - Societal Marketing Concept, Green Marketing concept - Indian MarketingEnvironment.

UNIT -II

Market Segmentation, Targeting and Positioning: Identification of Market Segments

Consumer and Institutional/corporate Clientele - Segmenting Consumer Markets - Segmentation Basis – Evaluation and Selection of Target Markets – Positioning significance - Developing and Communicating a Positioning Strategy.

UNIT -III

Product and Pricing Aspects: Product – Product Mix - Product Life cycle - Obsolescence- Pricing-Objectives of Pricing - Methods of Pricing - Selecting the Final price - Adopting price - Initiating the price cuts - Imitating price increases-Responding to Competitor's price changes.

UNIT -IV

Marketing Communication: Communication Process – Communication Mix – Integrated Marketing Communication - Managing Advertising Sales Promotion - Public relations and Direct Marketing - Sales force– Determining the Sales Force Size - Sales force Compensation.

UNIT -V

Distribution, Marketing Organization and Control: Channels of Distribution- Intensive, Selective and Exclusive Distribution- Organizing the Marketing Department - Marketing Implementation - Control of Marketing Performance - Annual Plan Control - Profitability Control Efficiency Control – Strategic Control.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

	References
1.	PhillipKoter:-MarketingManagement-,PearsonPublishers,NewDelhi,2013.
2.	RajanSaxena:- MarketingManagement ∥,TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi,2012.
3.	V S Ramaswamy & S Namakumari, Marketing Management GlobalPerspective
	Indian Context 4th Edition, Mac Millan Publishers2009.
4.	Tapan K Panda: "Marketing Management , Excel Books, New Delhi, 2012
5.	PaulBaines, ChrisFill, KellyPageAdaptedbySinhaK:-Marketing , Oxford
	University Press, Chennai, 2013

20AJMB204 Operations Management	100	4	0	0	4
Course Educational Objectives (CEOs):					
This Course is designed					
CEO 1 : To make student understand the strategic significant	ce of Oper	ation ma	inagemei	nt,	
CEO 2 : To acquaint them with application of discipline					
CEO 3 : To deal with real life business problem.					
COURSE OUTCOMES : After completing the course the participants shall develop an entity with focus on	understan	ding on l	how to c	reate a p	productio
CO 1 : Production BaseCO 2: Financial (Cost) PerformanceCO 3: Technical and Operational capabilitiesCO 4: Human Capabilities					
UNIT-I:					
Introduction to Operation Management: Nature & Scope of O	Depration/	Producti	on Mana	gement	,
Relationship with other functional areas, Recent trend in Ope	ration Ma	nagemen	t, Manuf	facturing	g & Theo

of Constraint, Types of Production System, Just in Time (JIT) & lean system.

UNIT -II:

Product Design & Process Selection: Stages in Product Design process, Value Analysis, Facility location & Layout: Types, Characteristics, Advantages and Disadvantages, Work measurement, Jobdesign.

UNIT-III:

Forecasting & Capacity Planning: Methods of Forecasting, Overview of Operation Planning, Aggregate Production Planning, Production strategies, Capacity Requirement Planning, MRP, Scheduling, Supply Chain Management, Purchase Management, Inventory Management.

Unit- IV:

Productivity: Factors, Affecting Productivity – Job Design – Process Flow Charts – Methods Study – Work Measurement – Engineering and Behavioral Approaches.

UNIT -V:

Quality Management: Quality- Definition, Dimension, Cost of Quality, Quality Circles- Continuous improvement (Kaizen), ISO (9000&14000 Series), Statistical Quality Control: Variable & Attribute, Process Control, Control Charts -Acceptance Sampling Operating Characteristic Curve (AQL, LTPD, Alpha & Beta risk), Total Quality Management (TQM).

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit. References:

- 1. Krajewski&Ritzman (2004). Operation Management -Strategy and Analysis. Prentice Hall of India.
- 2. Panner Selvem, Production and Operation Management, Prentice Hall of India.
- 3. Chunnawals, Production & Operation Management Himalaya, Mumbai
- Charry, S.N (2005). Production and Operation Management- Concepts, Methods Strategy. John Willy&Sons Asia PvtLimited.
- 5. K Aswathappa& Sridhar Bhatt, Production & Operations Management, Himalaya, Mumbai.

20AJMB205	Business Research Methods	100	4	0	0

CEO 1: To Develope the students in Research orientation

CEO 2: To acquaint them with fundamental of research methods.

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course students will be able to:

- **CO 1**: Write a literature review that synthesizes and evaluates literature in a specific topic area to justify research questions
- **CO 2 :** Apply appropriate research design and methods to address a specific research question and Acknowledge the ethical implications of the research
- CO 3 : Develop a research proposal as the basis for a thesis
- CO 4 : Present and defend a research proposal

UNIT -I

Introduction :Nature and Importance of Research, The role of Business Research, Aims of social research, Types of Research- Pure research vs. Applied research, Qualitative research vs. Quantitative research, Exploratory research, Descriptive research and Experimental research, ethical issues in business research-Defining Research Problem, Steps in Research process.

UNIT -II

Data Base: Discussion on primary data and secondary data, tools and techniques of collecting data. Methods of collecting data. Sampling design and sampling procedures. Random vs. Non-random sampling techniques, determination of sample size and an appropriate sampling design. Designing ofQuestionnaire – Measurement and Scaling – Nominal Scale – Ordinal Scale – Interval Scale – Ratio Scale – Guttmann Scale – Likert Scale – Schematic DifferentialScale.

UNIT -III

Survey Research and data analysis: Selection of an appropriate survey research design, the nature of field work and Field work management. Media used to communicate with Respondents, Personal Interviews, Telephone interviews, Self-administered Questionnaires- Editing – Coding – Classification of Data – Tables and Graphic Presentation –Preparation and Presentation of ResearchReport.

UNIT -IV

Statistical Inference: Formulation of Hypothesis –Tests of Hypothesis - Introduction to Null hypothesis vs. alternative hypothesis, parametric vs. non-parametric tests, procedure for testing of hypothesis, tests of significance for small samples, application, t-test, Chi Square test.

UNIT -V

Multivariate Analysis: Nature of multivariate analysis, classifying multivariate techniques, analysis of dependence, analysis of interdependence. Bi-Variate analysis-tests of differences-t test for comparing two means and z-test for comparing two proportions and ANOVA for complex experimental designs.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

References

- 1. C.R.Kothari:ResearchMethodology,methodsandTechniquesNewAgeInternationalPublisher.
- Navdeep and Guptha : "Statistical Techniques & Research Methodology", KalyaniPublishers
 WillamG.Zikmund, Adhkari: "Business Research Methods", Cengage Learning,
- WillamG.Zikmund, Adhkari: "Business Research Methods", Cengage Learning, New Delhi,2013.
 A.N. Sadhu, Amariit singh, Passarah methodology in social sciences.
- 4. A.N. Sadhu, Amarjit singh, Research methodology in social sciences, 7thEdition Himalaya Publications.
- 5. A Bhujangarao , Research methodology, Excel Books,2008.

20AJMB206 Open Elective	Project Management	100	4	0	0	4
Course Educational Objectives (CEOs):						
The objective of this c	course is					
CEO 1 : To enable the	e students to gain basic knowledge about	the concept of p	roject,			

project management, project life-cycle, project appraisal;

CEO 2: To acquaint the students about various issues of projectmanagement.

Course Outcomes :

Students will be able to understand

- **CO 1 :** Importance of Project Management
- CO 2: Project Planning, Execution and implementation
- CO 3 : Significance of teams in projects

CO4: Project evaluation techniques.

Unit -I:

Basics of Project Management –Concept– Project environment – Types of Projects – Project life cycle – Project proposals – Monitoring project progress – Project appraisal and Project selection – Causes of delay in Project commissioning– Remedies to avoid overruns. Identification of Investment opportunities – Sources of new project ideas, preliminary screening of projects – Components for project feasibilitystudies.

Unit- II:

Market feasibility -Market survey - Categories of Market survey - steps involved in conducting market survey

- Demand forecasting techniques, sales projections.

Unit- III:

Technical and Legal feasibility: Production technology, materials and inputs, plant capacity, site selection, plant layout, Managerial Feasibility Project organization and responsibilities. Legalities – Basic legal provisions. Development of Programme Evaluation & Review Technique (PERT) –Construction of PERT (Project duration and valuation, slack and critical activities, critical path interpretation) – Critical Path Method (CPM)

Unit- IV:

Financial feasibility – Capital Expenditure – Criteria and Investment strategies – Capital Investment Appraisal Techniques (Non DCF and DCF) – Risk analysis – Cost and financial feasibility – Cost of project and means of financing — Estimation of cash flows – Estimation of Capital costs and operating costs; Revenue estimation – Income – Determinants – Forecasting income –Operational feasibility -Breakeven point – Economics of working.

Unit-V:

Project Implementation and Review: Forms of project organization – project planning – project control – human aspects of project management – prerequisites for successful project implementation – project review – performance evaluation – abandonment analysis.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

References:

1. PrasannaChandra, "Projects, Planning, Analysis, Selection, Financing, Implementation and Review", Tata McGraw Hill Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 1998.

- 2. Gido: Effective Project Management, 2e, Thomson, 2007.
- 3. Singh M.K, "Project Evaluation and Management".
- 4. Vasanth Desai, Project Management, 4th edition, Himalaya Publications2018.

5. Clifford F. Gray, Erik W. Larson, "Project Management, the Managerial Emphasis", McGraw Hill, 2000.

20AJMB206 Open Elective	Technology Management	100	4	0	0	4
Course Educational O	bjectives (CEOs):					
The course aims at prov	iding an overview of various issues connect	ed with M	lanagei	nent of	Techno	ology
inorganizations.						
Course Outcome:						
Student will be able to u	Student will be able to understand:					
CO1 : Importance of T	echnological Innovation					
CO 2 : Importance of R	esearch and development in technology man	nagement				
CO3: Forecasting of T	echnology					
UNIT-I.						
Evolution of Technology-Effects of New Technology- Technology Innovation- Invention-Innovation-						on-
Diffusion- Revolutionary and Evolutionary Innovation- Product and Process Innovation- Strategic						
Implications of Technology- Technology - Strategy AllianceConvergent and Divergent Cycle- The						he
Balanced Approach.	Balanced Approach.					
UNIT-II:						

Technology Assessment- Technology Choice- Technological Leadership and Followership- Technology Acquisition- Technological Forecasting- Exploratory, Intuitive, Extrapolation, Growth Curves, Technology Monitoring- Normative: Relevance Tree, Morphological Analysis, Mission Flow Diagram.

UNIT-III:

Diffusion of Technology- Rate of Diffusion; Innovation Time and Innovation Cost- Speed of Diffusion-Technology Indicators- Various Indicators- Organizational Implications of Technology- Relationship between Technical Structure and Organizational Infrastructure- Flexible Manufacturing Management System (FMMS).

UNIT-IV:

Financial Aspects in Technology Management- Improving Traditional Cost -Management System- Barriers to the Evaluation of New Technology- Social Issues in Technology Management- Technological Change and Industrial Relations- Technology Assessment and Environmental Impact Analysis.

UNIT-V:

Human Aspects in Technology Management- Integration of People and Technology- Organizational and Psychological Factors- Organizational Outcome- Technology Transfer-Technology Management Scenario in India.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Sharif Nawaz: Management of Technology Transfer & Development, APCFT, Bangalore, 1983.
- 2. Rohtagi P K, Rohtagi K and Bowonder B: Technological Forecasting, Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi.
- 3. Betz Fredrick: Managing Technology, Prentice Hall, NewJersey.
- 4. Gaynor:HandbookofTechnologyManagement,McGrawHill.
- 5. Tarek Khalil: Management of Technology, McGraw Hill International, 2000.

20AJMB206 Open Elective	Lean Management	100	4	0	0	4
Course Educational Objectives (CEOs):						
To understand issues and ch	nallenges in implementing and develop	ment in le	an manu	ıfacturin	g techni	ques
from TPS and its contribution	on for improving organizational perfor	mance.				
Course Outcomes						
On completion of this course, the students will be able to						
CO1:To understand issues & challenges in implementing & developing lean manufacturing techniques						
From TPS & its con	tribution for improving organizational	performar	nce.			
CO2 : Apply lean techniques to bring competitive business culture for improving						
organization performance						
CO3. : Analyze how lean techniques can be applied to manufacturing & service industry						
Unit- I						
Introduction: Mass production	ion system, Craft Production, Origin of	f Lean pro	duction	system ,	Why Lo	ean

production, Lean revolution in Toyota, Systems and systems thinking, Basic image of lean production, Customer focus, Waste Management.

UNIT- II

Just In Time: Why JIT, Basic Principles of JIT, JIT system, Kanban, Six Kanban rules, Expanded role of conveyance, Production leveling, Three types of Pull systems, Value stream mapping. JIDOKA, Development of Jidoka concept, Why Jidoka, Poka, Yoke systems, Inspection systems and zone control – Types and use of Poka-Yoke systems, Implementation of Jidoka

UNIT -III

Kaizen: Six – Sigma philosophy and Methodologies ,QFD, FMEA Robust Design concepts; SPC, QC circles standardized work in lean system , Standards in the lean system, 5S system.

UNIT- IV

Total Productive Maintenance: Why Standardized work, Elements of standardized work, Charts to define standardized work, Kaizen and Standardized work Common layouts.

UNIT- V

Hoshin Planning & Lean Culture: Involvement, Activities supporting involvement, Quality circle activity, Kaizen training, Key factors of PKT success, Hoshin Planning System, Four Phases of Hoshin Planning, Why Lean culture – How lean culture feels.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

- 1. Jeffrey Liker, The Toyota Way: Fourteen Management Principles from the World's Greatest Manufacturer, McGraw Hill,2004.
- 2. Debashish Sarkar, Lessons in LeanManagement,

3. Dale H., Besterfield , Carol, Besterfield, etal, Total Quality Management (TQM) 5e by Pearson2018.

The course is to present an introduction to database management systems, with an emphasis on how to organize, maintain and retrieve - efficiently, and effectively - information from a DBMS.

Course Outcomes :

CO 1 :Understand the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.

CO 2 : Master the basics of SQL and construct queries using SQL.

CO 3: Understand the relational database design principles

UNIT- I

Introduction to Database Systems: Data - Database Applications - Evolution of Database - Need for

Database Management – Data models - Database Architecture - Key Issues and Challenges in Database Systems.

UNIT -II

ER and Relational Models: ER Models - ER to Relational Mapping - Object Relational Mapping -

Relational Model Constraints - Keys - Dependencies - Relational Algebra - Normalization - First, Second, Third & Fourth Normal Forms - BCNF – Join Dependencies.

UNIT- III

Data Definition and Querying: Basic DDL - Introduction to SQL - Data Constraints - Advanced SQL - Views

- Triggers - Database Security - Embedded & Dynamic SQL.

UNIT -IV

Transactions and Concurrency: Introduction to Transactions - Transaction Systems - ACID Properties -System & Media Recovery - Need for Concurrency - Locking Protocols – SQL for Concurrency – Log

Based Recovery - Two Phase Commit Protocol - Recovery with SQL- Deadlocks & ManagingDeadlocks. **UNIT -V**

Advanced Topics in Databases: Indexing & Hashing Techniques - Query Processing & Optimization -Sorting & Joins – Database Tuning - Introduction to Special Topics - Spatial & Temporal Databases – DataMiningandWarehousing.

Relevant cases have to be discussed in each unit and in examination case is compulsory from any unit.

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, —Database System Concepts, SixthEdition, Tata McGraw Hill,2010.

 $2. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Nava the, --Fundamentals of Database Systems \|, Sixth Edition,$

Pearson/Addison - Wesley,2010.

3. C.J. Date, A. Kannan and S. Swamynathan, —An Introduction to Database Systems^{II},

PearsonEducation, Eighth Edition, 2006.

4. Raghu Ramakrishnan, —Database Management Systems^I, Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill,2015.

0AJMB207 IT Lab 2 (Programming R) 50 0 0 2 2
--

After taking the course, students will be able to

CEO 1:Use R for statistical programming, computation, graphics, and modeling.

CEO 2:Write functions and use R in an efficientway.

CEO 3: Fit some basic types of statisticalmodels

CEO 4:Use R in their ownresearch,

CEO 5:Be able to expand their knowledge of R on their own.

Course Outcomes(COs) :

students should be able to Understand the basics in R programming in terms of constructs, control statements, string functions

SYLLABUS:

UNIT-I:

Introduction, How to run R, R Sessions and Functions, Basic Math, Variables, Data Types, Vectors, Conclusion, Advanced Data Structures, Data Frames, Lists, Matrices, Arrays, Classes.

UNIT-II:

R Programming Structures, Control Statements, Loops, - Looping Over Non vector Sets,- If-Else, Arithmetic and Boolean Operators and values, Default Values for Argument, Return Values, Deciding Whether to explicitly call return- Returning Complex Objects, Functions are Objective, No Pointers in R, Recursion, A Quicksort Implementation-Extended Extended Example: A Binary Search Tree.

UNIT-III:

Doing Math and Simulation in R, Math Function, Extended Example Calculating Probability- Cumulative Sums and Products-Minima and Maxima- Calculus, Functions Fir Statistical Distribution, Sorting, Linear Algebra Operation on Vectors and Matrices, Extended Example: Vector cross Product- Extended Example: Finding Stationary Distribution of Markov Chains, Set Operation, Input /out put, Accessing the Keyboard and Monitor, Reading and writerFiles,

UNIT-IV:

Graphics, Creating Graphs, The Workhorse of R Base Graphics, the plot() Function –Customizing Graphs, Saving Graphs to Files.

UNIT-V:

Probability Distributions, Normal Distribution- Binomial Distribution- Poisson Distributions Other Distribution, Basic Statistics, Correlation and Covariance, T-Tests,-ANOVA.

References:

- 1) The Art of R Programming, Norman Matloff, CengageLearning
- 2) R for Everyone, Lander, Pearson
- 3) R Cookbook, PaulTeetor, Oreilly
- 4) R in Action, RobKabacoff, Manning.
- 5) Garrett Grolemund, Hands on Programming with R, Oreilly